

Financial Assistance

How to Apply

Helpful Hints for Competitive Applications



NOAA
CORAL REEF
CONSERVATION PROGRAM

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NOAA Financial Assistance

How to Apply and Helpful Hints for Competitive Applications

So you are interested in applying for a NOAA grant?

We know applying can feel overwhelming and very complex, so this guide helps you through each of the 6 steps of the process. It is divided into a series of quick references, designed to help both the new and seasoned applicant.

The brand new applicant will find straightforward guidance in each step with timesaving tips and the right resources at your fingertips.

For the seasoned applicant, even if you've done this many times, we have highlighted and offered clear guidance on the most common mistakes to help make the process more efficient.

It is vital that you follow all of the instructions outlined within the specific competition, as even slight deviations can cause your application to not be reviewed or funded.

This 6 step process is followed by [What's Next](#) - to help you understand what happens after you submit your application.

Ready? Let's dig in!

This resource is broken into six basic steps. Note that you do not always need to complete one step before moving onto the next one. In some cases, we recommend starting specific tasks early on (e.g., getting your accounts up to date or asking for letters of collaboration from your partners), in order to allow others ample time to complete those tasks.

Within the six steps, you'll find the following five icons that indicate a time estimate, specific tasks to do, tips, resources, and items that should be done ahead of time.



Time: The general time that you need to plan for each overarching step.



Tasks: The specific steps or tasks to complete the overarching step.



Tips: These the most often seen problems or questions we get over and over again, even from the most seasoned applicant.



Resources: Additional resources and links are available throughout if you are brand new to this process and need more information.



Do-Aheads: Things to start early

6-Step Process to Apply for a NOAA Grant

Step 1: Get Accounts

Obtain a DUNS number, SAM.gov, and Grants.gov Account

Step 2: Find Competition

Find a competition, download the NOFO and application package

Step 3: Read Notice

Read the NOAA Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO)

Step 4: Complete Application

Develop your Project Narrative and Application Pieces

Step 5: Create Workspace

Create an application “workspace” and complete the Application Package

Step 6: Submit Application

Submit and Ensure Acceptance of the Application

Where Should You Start?

This guide is broken into 6 steps. Depending on your role in the application process, and your experience, you may be only interested in certain steps or sections.

<i>Which one is closest to how you feel about grant writing?</i>	<i>If this is you - you may want to consider</i>	<i>Begin at Step</i>
I've done this before and know what to expect. I don't need to read this.	Great! We are excited to see your application and see how we can make it even stronger! We feel all applications could be improved one way or another, so we hope there is something new for you in Steps 3 and 4! NOAA grants can be a bit different than funding from the National Science Foundation since we often have a management component.	Steps 3 and 4
I think I can figure it out - I typically don't read "directions." I like to jump in and figure it out on my own.	Steps 3 and 4 are here to help! Some of the items are easy to figure out, and we want you to get the other things right the first time!	Steps 3 and 4
I know I need to read this but I'm afraid of the jargon and worried I'll struggle to understand it all.	We are here to help! We love answering questions, big and small. Starting the process early allows you more time to give us a call anytime you run into something that doesn't make sense. We can't edit your application, but feel free to ask us your questions.	Start at step 1 and call the point of contact listed in the funding announcement with questions!
I have not done this before, and I don't have a strong grant team within my organization to help me.	We are here to help! We love answering questions, big and small. Starting the process early allows you more time to give us a call anytime you run into something that doesn't make sense. We can't edit your application, but feel free to ask us your questions	Start at step 1 and call the point of contact listed in the funding announcement with questions!!

Step 1: Obtain a DUNS number, SAM.gov, and Grants.gov Account



Time Estimate:

- The registration process can take 2 weeks! Don't wait till the deadline!



Tips:

- Don't wait until these tasks are completely finished in order to move onto the next step.
- Make a note on your calendar to keep your SAM.gov and Grants.gov accounts updated and renewed (annually) so you are always ready to apply!
- Obtaining a DUNS number, SAM.gov, and Grants.gov account is free! You may be contacted by entities offering to "help" you get your account set up for a fee (sometimes aggressively and implying they are from the government). If you get one of these emails or calls, remember you can ignore it and do it on your own.

Step 1A: Obtain a Data Universal Number System (DUNS) Number



Time estimate:

- 1 day to complete.



Task:

- If you or your organization does not have a DUNS number, request one by phone or online. Phone: 1-866-705-5711

Online: <http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform>.



Tips:

- Some competitions, but not all, will allow individuals to apply for funding on behalf of their community for a specific project. Applicants applying as an individual MUST have a DUNS number.

Step 1B: Register with or Renew SAM (System for Award Management) www.SAM.gov



Time estimate:

- 3-5 days (If your organization already has an Employer Identification Number (EIN/TIN)).
- Up to 2 weeks (if your organization is applying for EIN/TIN).



Tasks:

- First time applicants must register with www.SAM.gov; and all applicants must reactivate their account on an annual basis.

- You'll need your DUNS number in step 1A, your organizations Employer Identification Number (EIN/TIN), and some information about your organization, including the bank account information.



Tips:

- If your application is selected for funding, your organizations SAM account must be active as a condition of receiving an award.
- SAM requires a notarized letter stating you are the authorized entity administrator before SAM will activate your entity registration in [SAM.gov](#)."
- Applicants applying as an individual are encouraged but not required to have a SAM.gov accounts. Not all NOAA competitions allow individuals to apply.



Resources:

- SAM.gov has a help section with more specific [user guides](#) and information about what is needed to [create a sam.gov account](#).
- If you need to obtain an Employer Identification Number (EIN) from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), visit their [small business help page](#).

Step 1C: Register with Grants.gov



Time estimate:

- 1 day to complete.



Task:

- Complete your AOR (Authorized Organization Representative¹) profile on Grants.gov and create your username and password.



Tips:

- You will need to use your organization's DUNS Number and have a completed SAM.gov account before you can do this step.
- The E-Business Point of Contact² (E-Biz POC) as set up on your SAM.gov account must login to Grants.gov to confirm you (or others) as an Authorized Organization Representative (AOR). Please note that you can list more than one AOR for your organization.
- Your AOR (Authority Organization Representative) is the only one eligible to submit the application on your organization's behalf. In many cases, this is NOT the principle investigator.
- Save time by creating a [subscription](#) on Grants.gov to send you relevant future funding competitions as soon as they are posted!

¹ An AOR is authorized to submit applications on behalf of the organization when they are a Participant of that workspace in Grants.gov.

² Prior to being able to complete or submit application packages on behalf of your organization, your organization's EBiz POC must authorize roles. The EBiz POC is likely to be your organization's chief financial officer or authorizing official, and there can only be one EBiz POC per DUNS number when registering with SAM.

- Review the How to Apply for Grants resources at grants.gov and review the Workspace feature well before you try to submit an application. Workspace is the online platform for all of your federal forms and application documents within grants.gov



Resources:

- Grants.gov has an extensive [help section on their website](#) and 24/7 phone line, available at 1-800-518-4726.

Step 2: Find a Competition and Check for Eligibility



Time estimate:

- 1 hour to complete.



Tasks:

- Find the competition on **grants.gov** that matches your project and funding needs.
- Download the Full Announcement PDF on the “Related Documents” section. This document is also called the Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) or the Federal Funding Opportunity (FFO).
- Quickly scan the full announcement and information available on grants.gov to ensure that your project fits within the competition and ensure you or your organization is an eligible applicant.



Tips:

- Specifically, make sure your organization and project fall into the grant program requirements by looking at the sections indicated below in the announcement.
 - **ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS (SECTION III. A.)**

Some competitions are limited to a select number or type of organization. If you don't see your organization type listed, call the POC on the announcement to confirm if you are eligible.
 - **MATCHING OR COST-SHARE REQUIREMENTS (SECTION III.B)**

If matching is required, you must be able to document and account for the funds during the life of the award. Providing extra matching funds doesn't increase your odds at getting an award, so we recommend matching only what is required.
 - **APPLICATION DUE DATES (SECTION IV. D)**

NOAA competitions are generally open for 60 calendar days. Make sure you mark the due date early in your calendar and plan for enough time to write the narrative, seek out letters of collaboration from partners, and apply via Grants.gov.

Pre-proposals or letters of intent may have an earlier due date!
 - **AMOUNT OF MONEY FOR EACH APPLICATION OR PROJECT YEAR (SECTIONS II. A AND II. B)**

Make sure your project can be successfully implemented within the minimum and maximum funds that can be requested. For projects longer than a year, this maximum may either be a total project maximum, or a per year maximum.
 - **PROJECT DURATION AND START DATES (SECTION II B)**

Multi-year projects generally describes a form of grant that is more than one year, and in which NOAA will provide funds each year, not all up front.



Project start dates must be on the first of the month, and generally will be 6 to 9 months after application submission.



Resources:

- Visit the Grants.gov help section on [applicant eligibility](#) to get more detailed suggestions and tips.

Step 3: Read & Understand the Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO)



Time estimate:

- 2-3 hours (20-40 pages, on average)



Task:

- After you've determined your project is eligible (see Step 2, task 3), and before you dive into writing, read the Full Announcement or Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) in its entirety. It contains lots of important instructions.
- Make note of some of the important aspects of the funding competition as we note below to include them in your application.



Tips:

- Haven't read an entire NOFO before? Here is an [example of a typical NOAA NOFO](#).
- We know many applicants, experienced and new, skip reading the NOFO in detail. We get it can be boring and long. We often see sections or places where points were lost or an application wasn't as strong because the details and instructions within the NOFO were either skipped or ignored. Even if you've written many applications, each competition may be a little bit different.
- While formatting and application limits such as page limits might seem trivial, going even one line over a page limit, including an extra document, or being one-minute late can get your entire application thrown out of the competition.
- Pay particular attention to the following subsections. We've highlighted a few that are vital to understand.
 - **PROGRAM PRIORITIES (SECTION I.B)**
 - This section contains very specific information about what types of projects the competition is looking to fund.
 - In many competitions, you are required to select only ONE program priority. In almost all cases, selecting multiple priorities will not increase your chances of getting funded.
 - Write your project to show how it will directly apply to the program priority. These specific program priorities may change from previous competitions.
 - **PROJECT AND AWARD PERIOD (SECTION II. B)**
 - A "Mutli-year" awards means that NOAA will provide funding incrementally without additional competition. If multi-year applications are allowed, you must clearly identify and spell out the budget, project priorities, and activities for each specific year.
 - In many cases, if a competition asks for multi-year applications, the competition may not run every year.

- A “multiple year” award means a project duration of more than 12 months, and that all of the funding is provided at the time of the award. Applications should also show a budget of how the funds will be used in each year of the project.
- **CONTENT AND FORM OF APPLICATION (SECTION IV. B)**
 - This section contains information including the formatting and requirements of the applications. Pay special attention to all page limits, double-spaced or single spaced narrative, font size, and if items like cover pages are accepted.
 - More guidance and help for what should be in your narrative is found in [Step 4: Develop your Project Narrative and Application Pieces.](#)
- **SUBMISSION DATES AND TIMES (SECTION IV.D)**
 - Late submissions, even one minute, will not be accepted.
 - Make sure that you submit early enough before the due date to allow for slow systems and computers.
 - Some competitions will allow paper applications. If allowed, this section will identify if it must be received by NOAA by the due date, or if it must be postmarked by the deadline. Do not fax or email any application parts.
- **EVALUATION CRITERIA AND REVIEW PROCESS (SECTIONS V. A, B)**
 - This is one of the most important aspects of the NOFO, as it is how your application will be scored.
 - The reviewers will provide comments and scores on your application based on this evaluation criteria. Be very specific on how your application meets the evaluation criteria within your narrative.
 - The reviewers can only review what is explicitly written in the application and may not know anything of your past projects or programs. If appropriate, you may need to show past history and success of previous funding and programs.
 - Ask a friend to use the evaluation criteria to “review” your application before submission to ensure you have all of the required aspects.
 - This section may also indicate if reviewers will be local to your region, or if reviewers will be national. In some cases, local or regional reviewers may be more familiar with local terms, jargon, and geographies, but be careful and don’t *assume* your reviewers will know them all, so clearly describe them. National reviewers may be less familiar with local terms, jargon, and local priorities/challenges so ensure you define and explain them. Again, assume your reviewers know nothing of your project and project area.

Step 4: Develop your Project Narrative and Application Pieces



Time estimate:

- 30 - 60 days. (Project narratives are typically 10-20 pages long)



Tips:

- If you are new to this process, review this section to understand all the work involved. Your application package consists of a series of documents and government forms. Map out a plan to complete these to ensure an on-time application.
- For the seasoned applicant, we also have a bunch of tips to help you from making the most common mistakes that we see.
- It is vital that you follow all of the instructions within the NOFO, as even slight deviations can cause your application to not be reviewed or funded.
- Every competition can be slightly different, and so should your application package! If you resubmit from a previous year, make sure you update your dates and numbers!
- We recommend starting some tasks earlier than others, as you might have to wait for your stakeholders or partners to provide information to you (like letters of collaboration!)

Step 4a: Project Summary or Abstract



Time estimate:

- 1 day.



Tasks:

- Prepare/write your short *Project Summary or Abstract* (generally limited to 1 page or less)



Tips:

- This high-level summary should be short (1 page or less) and be written for people that may not be familiar with your project or even the subject matter at all.
- Try to limit complex scientific terms, jargon, and background scientific or organization information that doesn't directly help identify the specific problem or product your project will produce.
- Focus on the fundamental aspects of the project design (who, where, when, why, how). Some questions to consider when developing your summary may include:
 - Where it will the project occur?
 - What will your project do?
 - What are the outputs or products of the project?
 - What problem is your project trying to solve? Remember to keep it simple, we know that one grant project can't solve all of our ocean resource issues.
 - What stakeholders will be involved or affected? This could be a group of people, or a natural resource (specify species or type if applicable)

Step 4b: Letters of Support and Letters of Collaboration

Time estimate:



- 1 day to provide draft letters and materials to partners.
- 2-4 weeks for partners to return signed letters.



Task:

- Ask for partners and stakeholders to write letters of collaboration or support.
- Letters of support are purely letters from community leaders or others that express support for a project.
- Letters of collaboration on the other hand, express an ability and willingness from your partners, stakeholders, or key audiences will engage, attend, or work with your project. They are more desirable. Letters of collaboration are more than a person expressing their support of a project.



Tips:

- Provide your partners/stakeholders with the short 1-page project summary, and even a customized draft letter.
- Letters of collaboration should indicate what the partner will do for your proposed project
- An example of a strong collaboration letter may include:
 - A letter could be from a principal indicating they will provide a room for your project, and or that they already have a key number of teachers interested in participating.
 - Partner program expressing their ability to provide staff or other resources to do a specific task.
 - A target audience indicating that they would participate in the project activities (e.g., a fisherman that will attend the workshop on a Saturday, if offered).
- Not all programs allow letters of support, so check your NOFO carefully.

Step 4C: Project Narrative



Time estimate:

- Allow 2 -4 weeks to draft the narrative.
- Allow 1-2 weeks to get feedback and comments from others.
- Allow 1 week for your organization to complete a final check and to upload into the grants.gov system.



Tasks:

- Prepare your *Project Narrative* (10-20 page limit, depending on competition)



Tips:

- The project narrative is the bulk of your proposal and the most vital piece for scoring.
- Following the page, font, and line spacing requirement is essential. Shrinking the line spacing or margins to increase your space is a reason to reject and not review your application. If you are tempted to modify spacing, font, or margins to fit text, you are writing too much.

- Don't be afraid of allowing some "white-space" to help the reviewers read your narrative. Filling the entire page with text can be difficult to read. Including paragraph and section breaks will help reviewers.
- Unless specifically stated in the NOFO, everything included in your project narrative counts towards page limits. That cover page, company logo, or pretty picture could get your application rejected.
- It may be helpful to begin with your 1-page summary and add details and information to your specific goals, objectives, and activities.
- Within the first two pages, ensure that the reader will have the specific information about your project including how you will implement the project and what the outcome or product will be. Background information is important, but it may be better in the later sections, not up front.
- Your narrative should be broken into a series of sections. The entire narrative should be a detailed description of the project goals, objectives, and activities; performance measures for the period of the proposed work and the expected results or outcomes; information that demonstrates the need for the project; descriptions of methodologies and time-lines for all phases of work; and, if applicable, the relationship to other ongoing work, or work planned, anticipated, or underway through Federal Assistance or other means. The project description should be a clear statement of all work to be undertaken for the grant.
- Below is a description of the typical sections that may be requested in the narrative. Check your NOFO for specifics.

PROJECT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:

- This section should very briefly state the project goal, and how this goal will address the problem or opportunity the project intends to address. Ideally, applications should have one project goal.
- The project objectives should directly support the larger project goal. The objectives should be simple, understandable, and as specific and quantitative as possible. Objectives should also be attainable within the time, money and human resources available. Ideally, applications should have 2 -4 objectives.
- For more guidance on how to write SMART objectives, visit the [NOAA Digital Coast's Writing SMART Objectives Quick Reference Guide](#).
- If funded, you will be required to submit semi-annual progress reports in which progress against these goals and objectives will be reported.

PROJECT NEED STATEMENT:

- All great projects are designed to solve a very specific or tangible problem. This problem can be expressed as a project need statement. This statement should summarize the problem, gap, or need and the status of ongoing issues.

PROJECT ACTIVITIES, METHODS, AND PLANS:

- This section is the technical or scientific plan of activities that are to be accomplished during the project. The project activities should directly support the already identified objectives, and work to solve or reduce the



impact of the problem that the project is trying to address (your project need statement). This should include detailed descriptions of the specific plan and/or methods that will be employed. Each discrete action or component activity of the project should be described in detail, such as:

- The specific tasks to be accomplished;
 - the technical approach (including quality assurance) needed to accomplish the task;
 - The roles of staff, partners, and cooperators;
 - and any potential obstacles to successful completion of the task.
- If any activities occur in the marine or natural environment, (e.g., not in a classroom), indicate if any permits are required, and if they have been obtained. Any activities in the marine environment should also include best management practices to prevent or minimize negative impacts to the environment.

PROJECT BENEFITS, RESULTS, OR OUTCOMES:

- This section should describe how the project will solve the problem that you identified in your project need statement. Clearly identify the outcomes, results, and benefits of the project. Describe how these expected outcomes, results, or products will be applied and/or made available to any appropriate user groups.
- This section should also include information on how you will measure the success of the project.
- NOAA's Digital Coast Resources are a great place to start to learn more.
 - [Needs Assessment Guide](#)
 - [A Guide for Planning for Meaningful Evaluation](#)
 - [Common Data Collection Methods for Evaluation](#)



MILESTONE SCHEDULE:

- This section should display timelines for each of the major tasks, activities, or objectives. It should include target milestones for important intermediate and final products, and key project outcomes.

PROJECT OUTREACH AND EDUCATION:

- Your narrative should discuss and outline how your project will be shared or engaged with the larger community. Outreach and educational activities should be interactive and engaging to the key stakeholders.
- In many cases, simply preparing press-releases or journal articles with research findings is not enough for effective outreach. Some projects will be better suited for outreach activities, but all grant projects should contain an outreach and education component.
- Remember, grants are designed to support a public purpose – if the public never knows about your project, how can it support a public purpose?

Step 4D: Budget justification with itemized budget table, and SF-424A



Time estimates:

- 1 day to complete.



Tasks:

- Prepare and complete your *budget justification with itemized budget table, and SF-424A*
- Your budget will be in 2 different places in your application
 1. Budget narrative or justification, with itemized table,
 2. Budget form SF-424A.



Tips:

- We recommend completing the budget form SF-424A last, to ensure your numbers match.
- Each application must include clear and concise budget information covering total project costs, both on the required Federal forms and in a detailed budget narrative. It is vital that all of the budget information include both the non-federal (matching funds) and the federal funds requested.
- Applications must include OMB standard form 424A, "Budget information - Non Construction Programs." All instructions should be read before completing the form, and the amounts per category and total amounts indicated on the form should correspond with amounts indicated in the budget narrative and justification. This form should include both the federal and non-federal (matching funds) in separate lines/columns.
- The budget narrative/justification should include a sheet/table of costs as well as a written justification that supports the table. This should be a maximum of 2-pages. The table should be a detailed list of costs per category. The justification should describe and justify the listed costs. The costs should be broken out in both the corresponding Federal and non- Federal share (direct and indirect cost). If in-kind contributions are included, describe briefly the basis for estimating the value of these contributions.
- If an applicant has not previously established an indirect cost rate with a Federal agency they may choose to negotiate a rate with the Department of Commerce or use the de minimis indirect cost rate of 10% of MTDC (as allowable under 2 C.F.R. §200.414). If the de minimis rate is used, this should be stated within the budget narrative and justification.



Resources:

- We strongly encourage all applicants to use the [NOAA Grants Management Division's Budget Narrative Guidance](#).



Tips:

- If you are applying for a **multi-year awards**, you'll need to clearly identify and spell out the budget and activities for each specific year.
- If the competition requires matching, cost sharing³, or other in-kind support, it must be from non-federal sources (www.ecfr.gov).

³ Cost sharing or matching means the portion of project costs not paid by Federal funds (unless otherwise authorized by Federal statute). See also §200.306 Cost sharing or matching. More information on cost sharing can be found in the

- Applications don't get 'extra-credit' for having more than the required cost sharing or matching. Don't inflate or add matching that isn't guaranteed.
- You must account and keep track of all cost sharing the same you would as any federal monies received, and you will have to pay back money if not all of the sharing is found.
- The last step in your budget is to fill out the SF-424A. We recommend completing this after you've completed the budget justification and table to ensure all of your numbers match!
- Sample budget form with [matching funds](#).
- Sample budget form for a [multi-year budget](#). This means NOAA would fund each year incrementally. If multi-year applications are accepted, it will be mentioned in the NOFO, section II Award Information B. Project/Award Period.

Step 4E: Title Page



Time estimates:

- 1 day to complete.



Tasks:

- Prepare your *Title Page* (limit 1 page)



Tips:

- Keep the title page simple, and provide the information exactly as requested in the funding opportunity. Images or graphics on the title page aren't necessary or helpful. Keeping the information brief will ensure that your application is properly routed to the appropriate reviewers.
- In general, your title page will include
 - (a) Project title
 - (b) Principal Investigator (or Project Manager) and Financial Representative with complete contact information (address, fax, email, and phone number)
 - (c) Any co-investigators (or Co-managers) with contact information
 - (d) Start and end dates of proposed project
 - (e) Identification of programmatic priority applicable to the project
 - (f) Funding type request (grant or cooperative agreement)
 - (g) Total cost of the project, including federal and non-federal funding requested. Include amounts per year, as well as total dollar amounts.

Step 4F: Data Management and Sharing Plan



Time estimate:

- 1 day to complete.



Task:

- Develop a *Data Management and Sharing Plan* (generally limited to 1-2 pages)



Tips:

- Any environmental data that is created in your project or research must eventually be available to the public. The data sharing plan must outline how you will do this. The NOFO may have additional "Data Management Guidance to Proposal Writers" that may be more specific than what is included here.
- If funded, you will be required to submit published papers to the NOAA Institutional Repository, and they will be made publicly available by NOAA one year after publication by the journal.
- Data accessibility must occur no later than:
 - the publication of a peer-reviewed article based on the data, or
 - two years after the data are collected and verified, or
 - two years after the original end date of the grant.

A plan should include:

- Description - descriptions of the types of environmental data and information expected to be created during the course of the project
- Date - the tentative date by which data will be shared
- Standards - the standards to be used for data/metadata format and content
- Methods - methods for providing data access
- Volume - approximate total volume of data to be collected
- Experience - prior experience in making such data accessible.

Step 4G: National Environmental Protection Act (NEPA) Questionnaire



Time estimate:

- 1 day to complete.



Task:

- Complete the *NEPA questionnaire*. It can be found on the [NOAA NEPA website](#) or on the NOFO. The NOFO may specify which question(s) must be answered.



Tips:

- All applications will be reviewed by NOAA to ensure it follows and complies with all state, local, and federal environmental regulations and best practices. This questionnaire helps NOAA do this review.
- Some of the questions may not apply to your project, and if so, just put "n/a".
- There is no need to rewrite or re-word information written in your narrative that will answer the questionnaire, copy and paste is acceptable!

- Reviewers may not have access to the NEPA questionnaire, it is not extra narrative space.

Step 4H: Appendices



Time estimate:

- 1 week to compile information.



Task:

- Develop or compile *appendix* items:
 - a. Resumes or CV of key staff and personnel (recommend 2-page maximum)
 - b. Permit or authorization information (if applicable).
 - c. Other visuals, graphs, or maps necessary to the application
 - d. Documentation showing proof of non-profit status (if applicable)
 - e. Collect Letters of collaboration and Support from your partners!



Tips:

- Keep appendices to the basics and simple for the reviewers to understand and read.
- Many competitions will have appendix page limits.
- Some items listed above may be required, including others may result in the rejection of your application. Read the NOFO carefully to see what should and should not be included in the appendix.

Step 5: Create an application “workspace” and complete the Application Package



Time estimate:

- 1 day to create the “workspace”.
- 2-3 days to complete all of the required forms.



Tips:

- **WORKSPACE** is the online platform for all of your federal forms and application documents within grants.gov.
- If your application is incomplete, or missing even one form, it can be denied and not reviewed. The instructions in the NOFO supersedes any guidance in this document.
- The completed application generally includes the following forms, documents, and restrictions. Please review NOFO section IV “Application and Submission Information” within the NOFO for complete instructions and required forms and restrictions.
- While grants.gov will accept many file types, PDF format is recommended. PDF files ensure that your documents won’t get changed or modified through the application process.



Tasks:

- Use the “apply” button within the “package” section to create your grants.gov “workspace”.
- Enter other staff within your organization to assist in the creation of the application. This may include budget personnel to assist with the budget forms.
- Complete the standard government forms within the workspace. For most competitions this includes:
 - SF-424 - Application for Federal Assistance
 - SF-424A - Budget Information - Non-construction Programs
 - SF-424B - Assurances - Non-Construction Programs
 - CD-511 - Certification Regarding Lobbying
 - SF-LLL - Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (if applicable)
- Upload the project narrative, budget narrative, and any other attachments that you completed.



Resources

- Grants.gov “*workspace*” is a new process. If you’re having trouble, visit grants.gov [workspace help section](#).

Application Check-list

Double check that your application is complete!

Federal Forms

- SF-424 - Application for Federal Assistance
- SF-424A - Budget Information - Non-construction Programs
- SF-424B - Assurances - Non-Construction Programs
- CD-511 - Certification Regarding Lobbying
- SF-LLL - Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (if your organization does Lobbying activities)

Proposal and Attachments

- Title Page (limit 1 page)
- Project Summary or Abstract (limit 1-2 pages)
- Project Narrative (10-25 page limit, depending on competition)
- Budget Narrative (limit 2 pages, depending on competition)
- NEPA questionnaire (<https://www.nepa.noaa.gov/docs/NOAA-Grants-Questionnaire-final.pdf>)
- Data Management and Sharing Plan
- Other Attachments (limit 10-50 pages, depending on competition)
 - Documentation showing proof of non-profit status (if applicable)
 - Resumes or CV of key staff and personnel
 - Letters of endorsement, support, or collaboration
 - Permit or authorization information
 - Other visuals, graphs, or maps necessary to the application

Step 6: Submit and ensure acceptance of the Application



Time estimate:

- 1 day to complete.
- 2 - 5 days to receive confirmation emails.



Tip:

- Do not wait until the last minute to submit an application in case of system errors. If there is an error, you need enough time to resubmit **BEFORE** the deadline.
- In some cases, signed hard copy proposals may be mailed with an official postmark *before* the deadline. Check your NOFO for specific details.
- Your AOR (Authority Organization Representative) is the only one eligible to submit the application on your organization's behalf. In many cases, this is **NOT** the principle investigator.



Tasks:

- Once all of your forms and documents are attached in your grants.gov “workspace”, click on the button to “Complete and notify your AOR”. Your AOR should then review the entire application, ensure everything is attached correctly and complete, and hit the “submit” button.
- Ensure your application is properly submitted, and more importantly, validated and accepted by the system. You will know because the following will happen:

Submission Confirmation Screen and Email

After you submit your grant application package, a confirmation screen will appear on your computer screen that confirms the first step of the submission process.

Watch for 3 emails.

Applications submitted through Grants.gov will be accompanied by **THREE** automated response emails:

- **1st email** confirming receipt - this may take up to 2 business days to be received. The confirmation screen and e-mail will include a tracking number, as well as a "Track My Application" link to use to see the progress of your submission. Write down your tracking number for future use.
- **2nd email** will be a message *validating or rejecting with errors* your submitted application package. The Grants.gov system is designed to check for technical errors within the submitted application package. Grants.gov does not review application content. If your application is rejected, you have until the deadline to fix the errors and resubmit. Grants.gov help desk can be reached at: 1-800-518-4726 for additional help to fix and resubmit the application package.
- **3rd email** validates that the application has been forwarded to NOAA for further processing. This last email message will confirm that the package was received by

NOAA. The package cannot be received by NOAA if it wasn't accepted and validated in the Grants.gov system.



Tips:

- It is important to watch for these automated emails in case they indicate an error. If there is an error, your application may need to be modified and resubmitted before it will be successful submitted.
- If you do not receive the confirmation screen or email, or receive any error through the process, please call the Grants.gov help desk at 1-800-518-4726 or 1-606-545-5035 prior to the due date.



Resources:

- Grants.gov helpdesk is open 24/7 to answer any questions and confirm your application has been submitted. For this step, they are the best resource to call with any questions.
1.800.518.4726
24 hours a day, 7 days a week, except federal holidays
support@Grants.gov

Now What?

After your application is received by NOAA, it will go through a review and selection process outlined below. If you have any questions on the timeline, reach out to the POC listed on the NOFO or in grants.gov. This process can take from **6** to **10** months to award notification.

GRANT CYCLE MILESTONE (Approximate timeline of each step)	DESCRIPTION OF GRANT CYCLE MILESTONE
NOAA RECEIVES APPLICATION (1-4 days after Grants.gov submission)	The NOAA program you apply to will receive all applications submitted through Grants.gov or hard-copy applications received through the mail, if allowable by competition. NOAA processes all applications using the Grants Online system.
MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS (1-4 weeks after submission)	NOAA staff reviews all applications to ensure that they are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • complete, • received on time, • and follow all requirements in the grant announcement. Applications that meet these basic minimum requirements will move on to the next stage. An application that fails to adhere to the specifics listed in the funding announcement (including going over page limits, or missing one document) can be thrown out of the competition and not reviewed beyond this point.
REVIEW PROCESS (2 weeks - 3 months)	All applications are reviewed by a minimum of three subject matter experts. The review process can include an independent merit review, a technical review, a panel discussion, or a combination of these. During the review process, applications are scored with comments and a rank order of all applications is developed.
SELECTION OFFICIAL RECOMMENDATION (1 month)	The Selecting Official receives the results of the review process (ranked order of all applications) and recommends the top projects for funding to the Grants Management Division for further review and negotiations.

GRANT CYCLE MILESTONE (Approximate timeline of each step)	DESCRIPTION OF GRANT CYCLE MILESTONE
NEGOTIATIONS (1-2 months)	<p>The Principal Investigator or Authorized Representative will be notified by NOAA if their project is being recommended for funding.</p> <p>At this stage, NOAA may negotiate with the projects to reduce or modify the funding amount or scope of work.</p> <p>If any changes are requested by NOAA, revised forms will need to be submitted at this stage.</p>
AWARD NOTIFICATION (2-3 months)	<p>The NOAA Grants Management Division in Silver Spring, MD will review the recommended applications and issue all grant awards.</p> <p>Grant award notices to successful applicants will be issued via email to the Authorized Representative who signed the initial application, not the Principal Investigator.</p> <p>If your project is not selected, the Authorized Representative will receive a notification from the NOAA program. This generally occurs after all award notifications have gone out.</p>
AWARD ACCEPTANCE (30 days)	<p>NOAA Grantees must use Grants Online to review and accept the award in 30 days.</p>